**Area of Learning: ARTS EDUCATION — Dance: Dance Technique and Performance Grade 11**

**BIG IDEAS**

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| Growth as a dancer requires perseverance, resilience, and risk taking. |  | Dancers collaborate through critical reflection, creative co-operation, and the exchange of ideas. |  | Dancers can enhance their technique and skills with experience in a variety of genres or through specialization. |  | Dance is an art form that combines the **language of dance** with the ability to create and perform. |  | **Aesthetic experiences** have the power to transform our perspective. |

**Learning Standards**

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| **Curricular Competencies** | **Content** |
| *Students are expected to be able to do the following:*Explore and create* **ECDTP2** Demonstrate **kinesthetic awareness** of dance elements and techniques
* **ECDTP4** Explore specific or a variety ofgenres or styles from historical and contemporary cultures
* **ECDTP3** Develop and refine an articulate and expressive body through the application of anatomically and developmentally sound movement principles
* **ECDTP6** Explore the relationship between body conditioning and **somatic approaches** to technical and expressive skills
* **ECDTP5** Explore the interplay of movement, sound, image, and form used to convey meaning
* **ECDTP7** Express a range of meanings, intents, and emotions
* **ECDTP10** Select and combine dance elements and technical skills to intentionally convey a particular mood, meaning, or purpose
* **ECDTP8** Improvise to enhance technical concepts
* **ECDTP9** Perform simple and complex movement phrases in large-group, small-group, and solo contexts
* **ECDTP1** Consider audience and venue when composing, rehearsing, and performing

Reason and reflect* **RRDTP2** Describe, analyze, interpret, and evaluate dance techniques and artistic works using dance-specific language
 | *Students are expected to know the following:** **elements of dance**
* technical skills specific to a **technique**, **genre, or style**
* anatomically and developmentally sound **movement principles**
* kinesthetic and spatial awareness
* bones, muscles, and joints
* **safety protocols**
* **rehearsal and performance skills**
* **dance notation**
* the role of dancers, choreographers, and audiences in a variety of contexts
* contributions of key dance innovators in specific genres, contexts, periods, and cultures
* local, national, and intercultural performers and movements
* traditional and contemporary First Peoples worldviews and cross-cultural perspectives communicated through movement and dance
* history and theory of a dance technique, genre, or style
* ethics of **cultural appropriation** and plagiarism
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**Area of Learning: ARTS EDUCATION — Dance: Dance Technique and Performance Grade 11**

**Learning Standards (continued)**

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| **Curricular Competencies** | **Content** |
| * **RRDTP4** Refine dance concepts, technical skills, and performance
* **RRDTP5** Reflect on rehearsal and performance experiences
* **RRDTP3** Identify and apply constructive feedback to refine ideas and inspire innovation
* **RRDTP1** Demonstrate awareness of personal and social responsibility toward self, others, audience, and **place**
* **RRDTP6** Reflect on the influences of social, cultural, historical, political, and personal context on dance

Communicate and document* **CDDTP4** Use technical vocabulary to describe, document, and respond critically to dance experiences and performances
* **CDDTP1** Communicate and interpret ideas and emotions through dance
* **CDDTP3** Use dance to communicate about and respond to local, regional, and national issues
* **CDDTP2** Investigate cultural identity, perspectives, values, and emotions through dance

Connect and expand* **CEDTP2** Demonstrate personal and social responsibility associated with creating, performing, and responding to dance, including movement, music, thematic, and costume choices
* **CEDTP4** Explore First Peoples perspectives and knowledge, other **ways of knowing**, and local cultural knowledge to gain understanding through movement and dance
* **CEDTP3** Explore educational, personal, and professional opportunities in dance or related fields
* **CEDTP5** Make connections through dance with local, regional, and national issues and communities
* **CEDTP1** Consider personal safety, injury prevention, and physical health when engaged in technical study, rehearsal, and performance
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|  **ARTS EDUCATION – Dance: Dance Technique and PerformanceBig Ideas – Elaborations Grade 11** |
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| * **language of dance:** requires dance literacy, which isthe ability to read, write, notate, or otherwise communicate using dance language, vocabulary, and/or symbols
* **Aesthetic experiences:** emotional, cognitive, or sensory responses to works of art
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|  **ARTS EDUCATION – Dance: Dance Technique and PerformanceCurricular Competencies – Elaborations Grade 11** |
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| * **kinesthetic** **awareness:** the body’s ability to coordinate motion and its awareness of where it is in time and space
* **somatic approaches:** body-mind approaches that foster internal awareness and body connectivity
* **place:** any environment, locality, or context with which people interact to learn, create memory, reflect on history, connect with culture, and establish identity. The connection between people and place is foundational to First Peoples perspectives on the world.
* **ways of knowing:** First Nations, Métis, Inuit, gender-related, subject/discipline-specific, cultural, embodied, intuitive
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|  **ARTS EDUCATION – Dance: Dance Technique and PerformanceContent – Elaborations Grade 11** |
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| * **elements of dance:** body, space, time, dynamics, relationships:
	+ body: the primary instrument of expression in dance; what the body is doing (e.g., whole- or partial-body action; types of movement, such as locomotor and non-locomotor)
	+ space: where the body is moving (e.g., place, level, direction, pathway, size/reach, shape)
	+ time: how the body moves in relation to time (e.g., beat/underlying pulse, tempo, rhythmic patterns)
	+ dynamics: how energy is expended and directed through the body in relation to time (quick/sustained), weight (strong/light), space (direct/indirect), and flow (free/bounded)
	+ relationships: with whom or what the body is moving; movement happens in a variety of relationships (e.g., pairs, groups, objects, environments)
* **technique:**
	+ examples in modern dance: suspend, fall, breath, weight, oppositional pull, swing, contraction, spiral
	+ examples in hip hop: grooving, isolations, rhythm, foot patterns, body rolls, freestyle
	+ examples in ballet: positions of the feet and arms, turnout of the legs, barre and centre work, including plié, tendu, fondu, rond de jambe
* **genre, or style:** for example, classical, contemporary, culturally specific
* **movement principles:** including but not limited to mobility, stability, alignment, weight transfer, flexibility, strength, balance, coordination
* **safety protocols:** procedures to prevent harm or injury to self and others, including, for example, environment, biomechanics, clothing, and footwear
* **rehearsal** **and** **performance skills:** the technical, expressive, and cognitive skills necessary for learning, refining, and performing movement:
	+ Technical skill is the ability to reproduce movement accurately in relation to movement principles, elements of dance, and style.
	+ Expressive skills include but are not limited to projection, focus, confidence, musicality, spatial awareness, facial expression, sensitivity to other dancers, dynamics, and embodiment of the elements of dance to communicate the style or choreographic intent.
	+ Cognitive skills include but are not limited to preparedness, commitment, concentration, trust, co-operation, collaboration, application of feedback, willingness to explore, capacity to improve, movement acquisition, and memory.
* **dance notation:** the codified, symbolic representation of dance movement and form
* **cultural appropriation:** use of a cultural motif, theme, “voice,” image, knowledge, story, song, or drama, shared without permission or without appropriate context or in a way that may misrepresent the real experience of the people from whose culture it is drawn
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